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1.0 Introduction
The City of Petersburg tasked Timmons Group to evaluate the current physical and operating conditions at the Main Pump Station and determine the necessary improvements needed and their associated costs.

The Main Pump Station (MPS) is a wet well/dry well pump station located North of River Street, at the Intersection of Joseph Jenkins Robert St. and Bridge Street (just northeast of the Old Train Depot) in Petersburg, VA. The MPS Site is shown in Figure 1. According to the as-built drawings, the MPS was originally constructed around 1954. Wastewater from the Appomattox, Brickhouse Run, and Lieutenant Run Interceptors is discharged to MPS through a 42-inch gravity sewer. Wastewater is discharged through a 30-inch force main to the headworks of South Central Wastewater Treatment Plant (SCWWTP).

2.0 Existing Conditions
Three vertical centrifugal wastewater pumps with extended shaft motors (200 HP) are in the dry well of the building. Two pumps are provided with variable frequency drives (VFD); one pump is equipped with a constant-speed drive. Each pump is rated for 4 million gallons per day (MGD). The pump station has a rated capacity of 5,556 gallons per minute (GPM) (or 8 MGD) at 74 feet total dynamic head (TDH) with one VFD pump and one constant-speed pump in operation. Figure 2 shows the three 200 HP motors, Figure 3 shows one of the existing wastewater pumps, and Figure 4 shows one of the line shafts.
Figure 2 - Three 200 HP Motors

Figure 3 – One of Three Existing Wastewater Pumps
A mechanical screen is used to remove large solids from the wastewater before entering the wet well. Immediately after the mechanical screen is a grinder (Figure 5) used to shred solids to protect the wastewater pumps and other downstream equipment. An ultrasonic level meter on the Parshall flume (Figure 6) measures wastewater discharge for billing purposes as MPS is considered a point of connection to the SCWWTP.
The overall building footprint at ground level is approximately 54’ long x 39’ wide. The wet well interior dimensions are approximately 56’ long x 20’ wide at the building invert. This includes the area for the grinder, mechanical screen, and Parshall flume. The dry well interior dimensions are approximately 43’ long x 16’ wide. The elevation difference between wet/dry well invert and office finished floor is approximately 26’.

The wall pipe connections from the wet well are 14” in diameter (D). After entering the dry well through the three actively used suction side piping sections, the wastewater flows through a 14” x 12” reducer before passing through a 12” plug valve (Figure 7). On the discharge side piping, flow passes through a 12” plug valve before entering the force main header. The discharge side piping is shown in Figure 8.

Figure 6 - Parshall Flume and Ultrasonic Level

Figure 7 - Suction-side Piping
A concerning aspect of the pump station is the safety of maintenance staff as they perform their duties. There is an opening in the wall between the office and the screen room, which is open to the wet well. This means that there is no physical seal to keep potentially toxic and flammable sewer gas from escaping the wet well and entering the building. Hydrogen sulfide is slightly heavier than air, so it accumulates in the recessed area where the pumps are located. In humid environments, condensation can form on exposed components and when combined with hydrogen sulfide and oxygen can form sulfuric acid. These conditions are not only potentially harmful to people, but will cause metal and concrete to deteriorate if not sufficiently protected.

A properly operating ventilation system is necessary to ensure any potentially harmful gas is vented from the dry well. The existing ventilation system shown in Figure 9 is outdated and should be replaced. Note the existence of the inadequate burlap connecting sections.
An additional safety concern is regarding the inadequacy of some of the electrical equipment. Some sewer gases are flammable, posing an explosion danger in the presence of electrical equipment. The National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) has created a hazardous location classification system, Publication 70, National Electric Code (NEC), to address this issue. Several pieces of electrical equipment in the pump station are in Class I locations, where they have the potential to be exposed to the sewer gases. However, several of these pieces of electrical equipment are not designed for this environment.

The concrete walls in both the wet well and dry well look to be in good condition. There is little to no evidence of corrosion and deterioration due to hydrogen sulfide. This is likely due to I&I issues in the tributary collection system which would dilute sulfate concentrations.

The April 29th, 1996 Petersburg Wastewater Conveyance Study, by Wiley & Wilson, reported that the hydraulic capacity of MPS is considered adequate for the future.

### 3.0 Previously Completed Improvements

The VFDs for the two variable speed pumps were replaced between 2014-2016. Figure 10 shows the existing pump VFDs in the motor room.

![Figure 10 – Pump VFDs](image)

Since the original construction of the station, the grinder has been replaced. The current grinder is a Muffin Monster. Patterson Construction Co. quoted a complete new Muffin Monster unit at $74,700 and an exchange and repair at $33,746 on 7/6/2015 (see Appendix E). JWC Environmental gave a similar quote of $31,779 on 6/22/2015 for a Muffin Monster Model CDD3220. A&R Electric installed six strobe lights on 7/13/2015 for $2,206. In March 2016, a portion of the 30" force main was repaired and is discussed in detail in Appendix F.
4.0 Pumping Capacity Analysis
A flow analysis performed by the South Central Wastewater Authority (SCWWA) showed that the average daily flow (ADF) from the Main Pump Station for the 18-month period of July 2014 through December 2015 was 4.93 MGD. The flow analysis by SCWWA also included a comparison of MPS monthly wastewater flows and monthly rainfall totals (see Appendix C). As the monthly flows appear to track with monthly rainfall totals, it can be deduced that infiltration and inflows (I&I) are an issue with the collection system tributary to MPS. During wet weather events, the measuring capacity of the Parshall flume is exceeded as the water level rises above the flume and ultrasonic measuring device.

5.0 Pumping Alternatives
As the existing centrifugal, line shaft pumps are reaching the end of their useful design life, two alternatives are presented for pump replacement. In order to best utilize the existing pump station as-built infrastructure, it is recommended that either new dry pit submersible pumps are installed or the existing pumps are replaced in-kind. An evaluation of each pumping alternative is presented.

5.1 Dry Pit Submersible Pumps
Installing dry pit submersible pumps would require an extensive re-configuration and replacement of existing valves and fittings in the dry well. Additionally, the access hatch opening in the finished floor of the motor room is fairly small (48-in x 50-in according to the as-built) and is located against one wall of the motor room. This configuration presents an added logistical challenge to the replacement of pumps, valves, and fittings in the dry well. Therefore, removal of existing equipment from the dry well and placement of new equipment into the dry well should be limited. The location of the dry well access hatch is shown in Figure 11. The crane available for lifting equipment to and from the dry well is shown in Figure 12 above the access hatch.
The 200 HP motor for each of the three pumps is also proposed to be replaced.

5.2 Replace Existing Line Shaft Pumps
Replacement of the existing line shaft pumps would require minimal fittings replacement. It is believed the plug valve on the suction-side and discharge-side of each pump is in proper working order. Therefore, closure of these valves would allow for pump replacement without the need to entirely bypass MPS. Figure 13 shows oil leakage on one of the existing wastewater pumps. The 200 HP motor for each of the three pumps is also proposed to be replaced.
6.0 Proposed Improvements to be Completed

6.1 Motors and Pumping System

The check valve on the discharge-line of the second pump is actively leaking and should be replaced. As seen in Figure 14, a tarp has been placed over the check valve to avoid splashing the station operators.

![Leaking Check Valve](image)

The existing 200 HP motors have been rewound on several occasions and are in need of replacement and are continuous duty rated. Over the years, the reduced voltage autotransformers have been replaced with variable frequency drives. These types of motor starters are typically installed with motors which are inverter duty rated to deal with changes in speed. These types of motors have different types of insulation and windings and are better suited for variable speed drive applications.

Given the poor condition of some of the mechanical systems, the City of Petersburg advertised an emergency repair contract for the Main Pump Station in May of 2015. Work included furnishing 1 new pump, refurbishing 1 existing pump, and remove and rewind 1-200 HP motor (see Figure 15). This work was started but due to problems with payment to the contractor, work was halted September 2015 and has not resumed. The City plans to advertise a second project to complete the work which is outstanding. Some work has been completed and some equipment has been procured and stored by the contractor. This work needs to be completed.

A copy of the IFB and notice of award is included in appendix E.
As the existing centrifugal, line shaft pumps are reaching the end of their useful design life, each of the three pumps will be replaced along with its 200 HP motor.

Each of the three motors has a concrete pad foundation. As shown in Figure 16 at least one of these pads has a cracked corner. This should be repaired and a properly sized base mount should be installed for each of the new 200 HP motors.
A portion of the line shaft runs in close proximity to the dry well access stairway/walkway. A safety guard should be placed over this portion of the line shaft to avoid accidental contact.

6.2 Electrical Systems
The full electrical system existing and proposed conditions can be found in Appendix A. The proposed electrical work found in the appendix is summarized here. An upgrade to the electric service would be comprised of replacing the main service switch and verifying with Dominion Virginia Power (DVP) that the existing pole mounted transformers are adequate to support all three motors starting. Also recommended is the installation of a new manual transfer switch and generator connection box with mechanical lugs to allow for a portable generator.

A proposed pump control panel with three 200 HP VFDs, level transducer, PLC based pump controller, switches, transmitter, flow meter and termination points for connecting to the City furnished SCADA would be installed.

Ventilation equipment, ducting, and air intake louvers would be installed to meet the latest DEQ and NFPA 820 requirements. Continuous ventilation and air flow monitoring would be provided and connected to the SCADA to downgrade the current code classification of the dry well to unclassified. The unit heaters in the motor room and screen room would be upgraded to more efficient models while the existing AC system would be re-used with reconfigured ducting.

Proposed lighting options include installing new energy efficient lighting above catwalks and upgrading the non-explosion proof fixtures in the screen room to explosion proof, energy efficient fixtures to meet the latest IES illumination recommendations.

The screen room and wet well should have all wiring and equipment upgraded to Class 1, Div. per the NEC and NFPA 820 since they are considered classified areas. The wall opening between the screen room and office/work area will be patched/closed to match existing wall construction.

6.3 Structural Building
The condition survey report and general structural assessment can be found in Appendix B. The structural integrity of the building was NOT found to be significantly compromised due to any of
the noted issues (mainly cosmetic concerns to include masonry cracks and expansion, foundation spall, and corrosion). The recommended course of action is to clean the corroding steel and provide a moisture seal. The brick expansion problem can probably only be corrected by removal of the upper courses and a reinstallation with expansion joints.

6.4 Additional Miscellaneous Improvements
The electrical inspections and proposals found the bathroom sink in poor condition and recommended upgrading the sink with a 1 ½” drain pipe to empty into a waterless inline drain trap sealer and into the wet well.

7.0 Conclusions and Recommendations
7.1 Conclusions
The Main Pump Station has provided continuous service since it was constructed in 1954. Several projects have taken place over the decades to address changes to service conditions and replace equipment which has reached the end of its useful life. In the recent past the required maintenance and repair has not been kept up with and there are several deficiencies and safety issues which need to be addressed.

a. Ventilation in the drywell and other areas of the station are not adequate and under certain conditions, there may be unsafe levels of H2S gas. This condition can create potential health hazards and can lead to corrosion of concrete, metal surfaces and equipment components in the station.

b. The sewage grinder has been out of service for some time and the City has purchased a refurbished grinder to be installed. This sewage grinder needs to be installed to help prevent clogging of pumps which leads to increased maintenance work.

c. The existing crane in the screening room is in need of repair. This repair needs to be completed so the sewage grinder can be installed.

d. Lighting fixtures and wiring devices in the wet well, drywell and screening room need to be replaced with explosion proof fixtures.

e. The existing line shafts in the drywell need to have shaft guards installed at universal joints to provide protection for personnel working in the area in the event of a failure of one of the pump shafts while it is operating.

f. The existing motors need to be replaced with high efficiency inverter duty rated 200 HP model number WH 505UTDS3687AN W Frame 505P 1185 RPM motors.

g. The pumps need to be replaced with new Fairbanks Morse model 14” x14” B5711C centrifugal sewage pumps.

h. The 20” check valves located on pump discharge lines need to be replaced.

i. The main electrical service entrance which was installed in 1954 for the station electrical supply needs to be replaced. It is recommended to include a manual transfer switch for a future generator or portable power supply which could be used if power is lost for a long period of time.

j. A new pump control panel should be provided for new pumps, motors, starters, and equipment which can interface with the new SCADA system.

k. The existing reduced voltage auto transformed should be replaced with a Variable frequency drive.
1. Existing metal surfaces in the drywell and screening room need to be cleaned of rust and painted.

m. The existing steel lintels in windows and doorways need to be cleaned of rust and repainted. Masonry around these openings needs to be sealed to prevent migration of water to the steel lintels which will cause rust problem.

n. Cracked masonry brick exterior need to be repointed and sealed to prevent rain from penetrating brick exterior.

o. A 12” bypass pump with 12” diameter force main connection to existing pump station bypass connection needs to be set up at the main pump station to complete replacement of the main electric service entrance. It is recommended this bypass pump remain set up while pump, motor and check valve replacement is being completed to provide backup pumping capacity if there are any problems during construction.

7.2 Recommendation

Based on our review of the age and condition of the pump station and mechanical equipment systems, Timmons Group recommends Contract Documents be developed to replace pumps, motors, and check valves at main pump station. Miscellaneous electrical and mechanical upgrades are also necessary to address health, safety, and operational concern of the existing facility and mode of operation. Alternative Bid items should be established.
APPENDIX A
ELECTRICAL REPORT
Draft – Electrical Portion of the PER
Petersburg Main Sanitary Sewage Pumping Station Re-habilitation
262 Joseph Jenkins Roberts St., Petersburg, VA 23803

Note: The office/work area is not in the scope of the PER.

Existing Condition

Current Electric Service
The existing electric service for the sewage pump station is 480Y/277V, 3-phase. The service laterals are run overhead from three 167 KVA pole mounted Dominion Virginia Power (DVP) transformers then to building mounted weather-heads, into the building and down to DVP’s current transformer (CT) cabinet. The weather-heads and CT cabinet appear to be in fair condition.
The main service disconnect switch is a 1200A, 480V, 3-pole switch retrofitted with a 1600A, 480V, 3-pole circuit breaker set at 80% capacity. The switch feeds a 1200A, 480Y/277V, 3-phase, 4-wire main distribution panelboard (MDP). The MDP feeds the sewage pump motors and three 208Y/120V, 3-phase panelboards through a step-down transformer. The transformer and panelboards show some sign of rusting but appear to be in fair condition. The MDP appears to be in good condition. The main service disconnect switch is in poor condition.

Current SCADA System
The existing SCADA system consist of a GE Fanuc, Series 90-30 programmable logic controller
(PLC) and ESTEEM model 192C RF wireless ethernet modem. The SCADA system is in poor condition. The City currently has an RFP advertised to provide a new City-wide standard SCADA system. The existing pump control panel is manufactured by Systems East, Inc. It is equipped with pilot devices that are no longer in use. A wet well level transducer provides the on/off control of the three sewage pumps. The pump control panel is outdated and appears to be in poor condition.

**Current Motor Starters**
The existing sewage pump motors are 200HP, 460V, 3-phase. At the time of our site visit, sewage pump #2 was out of service. The pump bearings were in the process of being replaced. The starter type for sewage pump motor #1 is a Westinghouse reduced voltage
auto-transformer (RVAT). The starter type for sewage pump motor #2 is a Siemens variable frequency drive (VFD). The starter for sewage pump motor #3 failed recently and was replaced with a new WEG CFM-11 VFD. The starters for pump #1 and #2 are older models, circa early 1990, and appear to be in fair condition.

Photo 7 – Pump Motor #1 Starter

Photo 8 – Pump Motor #2 Starter
Current Heating and Ventilation System

Motor Room: The existing heating and ventilation system consists of a wall mounted propeller type fan, two unit heaters and a 10 ton York split AC system for cooling. The exhaust fan and unit heaters are in poor condition. The York split AC system appears to be in fair condition. At the time of our site visit, the AC split system was operating. Supply air comes in through a wall louver on the east side of the building. The louver appears to be in fair condition.
Dry Well: The existing ventilation system for the dry well is an inline fan with an external direct drive motor. The fan is wall mounted high in the motor room. The ventilation ducting extends up from the dry well, into the motor room and through the roof. Supply air comes in from the same wall louver on the east side of the building used to bring supply air into the motor room. The fan, motor and ducting appear old and in poor condition.

Screen Room and Wet Well: The existing ventilation system for the screen room and wet well consist of an inline fan with an external belt drive motor. The screen room is equipped with a
unit heater. The fan is wall mounted high in the screen room. The ventilation ducting extends up from the wet well, into the screen room and through the roof. The opening for the screen room roll-up door is used to bring in supply air. The roll-up door must first be opened before the fan is operated. The unit heater, fan, fan motor, metal ducting and support brackets show signs of corrosion. They appear to be in poor condition.

Photo 14 – Well Well and Screen Room Inline Ventilation Fan

Photo 15 – Screen Room Unit Heater
**Current Lighting Fixtures**

Motor Room: The existing lighting fixtures in the motor room are 8-foot, 2-lamp T12, strip type industrial fluorescent fixtures. The fixtures appear to be in fair condition.

![Motor Room Lighting Fixture](image1)

Photo 16 – Motor Room Lighting Fixture

Dry Well: The existing light fixtures in the dry well are wall mounted, cast metal type, metal halide flood lights. The fixtures are located high in the drywell. The wall mounted fixtures provide minimal lighting to the platforms above. The fixtures appear to be in fair condition.

![Dry Well Lighting Fixture](image2)

Photo 17 – Dry Well Lighting Fixture

Screen Room and Wet Well: The existing light fixtures in the screen room and wet well are surface mounted, cast metal type, tungsten halogen fixtures. The fixtures are not explosion proof. Three of the four ceiling mounted fixtures in the screen room are missing lenses and do not work. Five fixtures in the wet well are missing lenses and do not work. The fixtures in the
screen room and wet well show signs of corrosion and appear to be in poor condition.

![Photo 18 – Screen Room Fixture](image18)

![Photo 19 – Wet Well Fixture](image19)

**Screen Room and Wet Well**
The screen room is not physically separated from the wet well. The wet well stairwell is open to the screen room. The comminutor and bar screen rake access openings are also open to the screen room. H2S gasses migrating from the wet well into the screen room have caused corrosion to the electrical equipment enclosure and conduit. The electrical equipment and wiring are not corrosion resistant or explosion proof, except for the bar screen rake disconnect switch and control panel.
Proposed

**Proposed Electric Service Upgrade**
Due to the age and condition of the main service switch, we recommend replacing it with a new 1200A fused switch. The size of the pumps selected for the pump upgrade is the same as the existing 200 HP pumps. The new 1200A fused switch and existing 1200A main panel should be adequate to support the selected pumps and station loads. Coordination with DVP will be required to confirm that the existing pole mounted transformers are adequate to support two motors running with the third motor starting.
The City wants the capability to power the pump station from a portable generator. To achieve this, we recommend the installation of a new manual transfer switch and generator connection box on the building’s exterior wall. Mechanical lugs will be included in the generator connection box design to allow direct connection of the portable generator cables.

**Proposed Motor Control Panel and VFD’s**

The proposed pump control panel will be designed to include three new 200 HP variable frequency drives (VFD), level transducer liquid level measurements, and a programmable logic controller (PLC) based pump controller. A backup hi-water and low-water float switch alarm will be provided in the wet well. The pump control panel will be provided with liquid level and flow measurement displays, pump run-time displays, pushbuttons, selector switches, pilot devices and a VGA color touch-screen operator interface terminal. The following auxiliary control components will be provided:

- Check valve limit switches
- Pump lock-out switches
- Discharge line pressure transmitter
- Magnetic flow meter (existing)

Termination points for alarm, supervisory and control points will be provided in the proposed pump control panel for final connection to the City furnished and installed SCADA system.

**Proposed Heating and Ventilation**

Ventilation equipment in the motor room, dry well, screen room and wet well will be upgraded to meet the latest DEQ and NFPA 820 ventilation requirements. Ventilation ducting and air intake louvers will be upgraded and sized according to the latest code air flow requirements.

Continuous ventilation and air flow monitoring will be provided in the dry well to downgrade the current code classification of the space from “Class 1, Div. 2” to “Unclassified” in accordance with NFPA 820. The air flow alarm point will be connected to the SCADA system for remote monitoring by the City.

Due to the age and condition of the unit heaters in the motor room and screen room, the unit heaters will be upgraded to newer, more efficient models.

The existing York split AC system will be re-used to provide cooling from the heat generated
by the VFD’s and motors. The ducting will be re-configured to distribute cooling air evenly throughout the space.

**Proposed Lighting**
The existing lighting fixtures in the motor room and dry well are old but appears to be in fair condition. These fixtures should be cleaned, re-lamped and remain for continued use. We recommend installation of new energy efficient fluorescent type supplemental lighting above the catwalks.

The fixtures in the screen room and wet well are not explosion proof. The fixtures are not up to current code. The fixtures are old, corroded with missing lenses and 80% of the fixtures are not working. We recommend upgrading these fixtures to explosion proof, energy efficient fluorescent fixtures to meet the latest IES illumination recommendations.

**Proposed Screen Room and Wet Well Equipment and Wiring**
The screen room and wet well are considered classified areas as defined by the NEC and NFPA 820. We recommend upgrading all wiring and equipment in these spaces to Class 1, Div. 1 per NEC. The small opening in the wall between the screen room and office/work area is to be patched to match the existing wall construction. The bar screen rake disconnect switch and control panel are Class 1, Div. 1. They should be cleaned, serviced and remain for continued use.

**Bathroom Sink**
The bathroom sink is in poor condition. The drain piping for the sink is a 1 ½” flexible hose that is discharged directly on the bathroom floor. There is no floor drain. The bathroom sink should be upgraded with a 1 ½” drain pipe that empties into a waterless inline drain trap sealer. The inline drain trap sealer automatically re-seals itself after the liquid has drained into the wet well.
APPENDIX B
CONDITION SURVEY REPORT
GENERAL STRUCTURAL ASSESSMENT
Condition Survey Report
General Structural Assessment
Main Sewage Pump Station
City of Petersburg, VA

October 24, 2016

Purpose:

The pump station is a critical link in the city’s sewage disposal system. Obvious cracks and blemishes are visible on the exterior face. Concern for structural integrity had been aroused and a professional evaluation was desired.

Scope:

This engineer visited the premises on 2/12/16. Observations were visual and made only in areas readily accessible.

A copy of original ‘as built’ drawings prepared by “Wiley & Wilson” in 1954 were also available and reviewed.

Description:

The pump station consists of cast-in-place concrete foundations, wells, and pump room extending approximately 25 ft. below grade. From the grade floor up the exterior walls and partitions are unreinforced brick. The roof is a cast-in-place concrete slab with brick parapet walls around.

Observations & Discussions:

1. At (2) corners, at the approximate elevation of the parapet/roof slab intersection, the brick wall has pushed out along a bed joint plane approximately ½”. See photo #2 at the end of this report.
The cause is almost certainly the consequence of thermal expansion.

2. At most or perhaps even all of the brick wall openings at doors and windows there are significant cracks in the masonry in the general vicinity of the lintel bearings. See photos #2, 3 and 4.

It looks as though all of those lintels are steel and are showing signs of corrosion. I would speculate that the cracks are the consequence of the swelling that occurs as the steel rusts.

3. There is a concrete spall at the edge of the ground floor slab. See photo #5. The cause was not obvious. There is not an appearance of delamination or deterioration. It seems more likely that it is the consequence of a deliberate or accidental impact.

A cursory walk around the inside of the building did not reveal conspicuous cracking or any other evidence of structural distress.

**Conclusions:**

The building was designed by reputable engineers and overall seems to be performing well.

The brick construction is in keeping with the normal standard of care for that era. Unfortunately, that still left it vulnerable to the problems noted. I do not feel that structural integrity is significantly compromised. The problems are primarily a cosmetic concern at this time.

The lintel corrosion could become critical at some point. It may be advisable to clean the steel as best as possible and provide some sort of moisture seal.

The brick expansion problem can probably only be corrected by removal of the upper courses and a reinstallation with expansion joints.

Submitted by,

Burton F. Bigoney, Jr., P.E.
Attachment: photos
An overview of the facility.

One of two corners where brick has pushed out along a bed joint. Also, cracking can be seen at the lintel bearing areas at the openings.
Cracking of brick at lintel bearing areas.

Cracking of brick at lintel bearing areas.
Floor slab spall.
APPENDIX C
SCWWA I & I
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<td>146,834,923</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>4,736,610</td>
<td>4.74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-Nov</td>
<td>4.72</td>
<td>155,485,097</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>5,182,837</td>
<td>5.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-Dec</td>
<td>5.57</td>
<td>213,015,740</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>6,871,475</td>
<td>6.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ave</td>
<td>4.19</td>
<td>150,283,923</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,927,520</td>
<td>4.93</td>
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<tr>
<td>Min</td>
<td>1.71</td>
<td>102,985,713</td>
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<td>3,432,857</td>
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<tr>
<td>Max</td>
<td>11.33</td>
<td>213,015,740</td>
<td></td>
<td>6,871,475</td>
<td>6.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Month (2015 - 2016)</td>
<td>Rainfall (in)</td>
<td>Main PS - SCWWA Meter less C&amp;B (gals)</td>
<td>Poore Creek PS - SCWWA Meter (gals)</td>
<td>Total East Bank PS - Jan-Jun 2015 est. (gals)</td>
<td>Total Month Flow (gals)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jul-14</td>
<td>4.75</td>
<td>124,431,722</td>
<td>54,545,000</td>
<td>19,066,415</td>
<td>198,043,137</td>
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<tr>
<td>Aug-14</td>
<td>5.86</td>
<td>136,028,028</td>
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<td>20,231,898</td>
<td>235,456,926</td>
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<td>2.48</td>
<td>102,985,713</td>
<td>49,086,000</td>
<td>15,015,510</td>
<td>167,087,223</td>
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<tr>
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<td>2.76</td>
<td>116,532,777</td>
<td>51,155,000</td>
<td>14,438,506</td>
<td>182,126,283</td>
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<td>Nov-14</td>
<td>3.49</td>
<td>121,757,525</td>
<td>55,059,000</td>
<td>13,824,851</td>
<td>190,641,376</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dec-14</td>
<td>4.05</td>
<td>145,178,928</td>
<td>65,178,000</td>
<td>16,929,646</td>
<td>227,286,574</td>
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<td>3.83</td>
<td>167,458,034</td>
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<td>13,758,117</td>
<td>260,897,151</td>
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<td>Feb-15</td>
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<td>150,422,833</td>
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<td>14,290,798</td>
<td>245,227,631</td>
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<td>189,912,392</td>
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<td>283,252,208</td>
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<td>168,472,253</td>
<td>79,787,000</td>
<td>24,799,379</td>
<td>273,058,632</td>
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<tr>
<td>May-15</td>
<td>1.71</td>
<td>142,765,258</td>
<td>71,768,000</td>
<td>17,482,890</td>
<td>232,016,148</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jul-15</td>
<td>5.14</td>
<td>191,017,177</td>
<td>87,256,000</td>
<td>20,719,296</td>
<td>298,992,473</td>
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<tr>
<td>Aug-15</td>
<td>2.38</td>
<td>131,649,774</td>
<td>47,258,000</td>
<td>17,099,224</td>
<td>196,006,998</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sep-15</td>
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<td>19,234,535</td>
<td>176,460,768</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oct-15</td>
<td>3.43</td>
<td>146,834,923</td>
<td>56,949,000</td>
<td>18,415,072</td>
<td>222,198,995</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nov-15</td>
<td>4.72</td>
<td>155,485,097</td>
<td>53,720,000</td>
<td>18,024,775</td>
<td>227,229,872</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dec-15</td>
<td>5.57</td>
<td>213,015,740</td>
<td>72,785,000</td>
<td>17,944,683</td>
<td>303,745,423</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

| Ave     | 4.19          | 150,283,923                          | 65,552,056                        | 17,295,195                                  | 233,131,173             | 177,355,177                                      |
| Min     | 1.71          | 102,985,713                          | 39,283,000                        | 13,406,816                                  | 167,087,223             | 119,624,425                                      |
| Max     | 11.33         | 213,015,740                          | 87,256,000                        | 24,799,379                                  | 303,745,423             | 231,562,692                                      |
The graph indicates that the Petersburg collection system appears to have I&I issues. As you can see, flows appear to track with wet weather months. The flows from Dinwiddie, Prince George, and Ettrick were subtracted to account for only flows through Petersburg. Colonial Heights' C&B pump station was subtracted from the Main Pump.
APPENDIX D
CROSS SECTION & PLAN OF EXISTING BUILDING
APPENDIX E
WORK ORDER PRICE QUOTES
### City of Petersburg Main Pump Station Renovation

**Opinion of Cost Prepared By Timmons Group**

Cost Opinion Prepared For City of Petersburg
November 30, 2016

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Item Name</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Unit Price</th>
<th>Total Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Replace 200 HP motors</td>
<td>EA</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>$89,000.00</td>
<td>178,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Replace 200 HP VFD</td>
<td>EA</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$62,000.00</td>
<td>62,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Rebuild 20&quot; check Valve</td>
<td>EA</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>$18,000.00</td>
<td>36,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Replace 14&quot; x 14&quot; Vertical line shaft Pump</td>
<td>EA</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$119,000.00</td>
<td>119,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Install new ventilation equipment in drywell</td>
<td>EA</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$13,500.00</td>
<td>13,500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Replace Main electrical service entrance</td>
<td>EA</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$33,000.00</td>
<td>33,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Install new manual transfer switch</td>
<td>EA</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$41,000.00</td>
<td>41,000.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Clean and paint steel in drywell</td>
<td>EA</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$9,500.00</td>
<td>9,500.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Install explosion proof wiring devices</td>
<td>LF</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>$200.00</td>
<td>1,200.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Install explosion proof light</td>
<td>EA</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>$300.00</td>
<td>2,400.00</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>Replace existing crane</td>
<td>EA</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$3,500.00</td>
<td>3,500.00</td>
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<td>12</td>
<td>Install sewage grinder</td>
<td>EA</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$3,000.00</td>
<td>3,000.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Install shaft guards on line shafts</td>
<td>EA</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>$950.00</td>
<td>5,700.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Install new unit heaters</td>
<td>EA</td>
<td>4</td>
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<td>8,800.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Install new pump control panel</td>
<td>EA</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$13,500.00</td>
<td>13,500.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Upgrade SCADA system</td>
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<td>1</td>
<td>$14,500.00</td>
<td>14,500.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Standby bypass pump</td>
<td>month</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>$7,500.00</td>
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<td>18</td>
<td>Contingency 10%</td>
<td>EA</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$56,000.00</td>
<td>56,000.00</td>
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</table>

**TOTAL OF ALL PRICES** $623,100.00
Date: May 27, 2015

NOTICE OF AWARD

IFB # 15-0048
Main Pump Station – Pumps and Check Valves Rehabilitation

Please be advised that the City intends to award the above referenced project to:

Patterson Construction Company Inc.
12315 McClain Street
Fredericksburg, VA 22407

$179,332.00

Tangela Innis, CPPB, MBA, VCCO, VCO, VCA
Purchasing Agent
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item #</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Extended Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Provide and install one new Fairbanks Morse Model 14x14 B5711C centrifugal sewage pump. (Pump #2)</td>
<td>Each</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$106,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NOTE: City of Petersburg will provide by pass pumping.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Remove, Rebuild Existing Pump #2</td>
<td>Each</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$12,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Install New - 20&quot; Check Valve</td>
<td>Each</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>$35,488.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Using Kennedy Model 20</td>
<td>Each</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Remove, Refurbish, and Install 200 HP Marathon Motor</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3 HP Sump Pump, Crane Pump Serial #P170271 - 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Phase 230/260V and associated Discharge Piping and control panel for One Sump Pump</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Option A</td>
<td>TOTAL EXTENDED PRICE - One Hundred Seventy Eight Thousand six hundred dollars and 00/100</td>
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<td>$179,332.00</td>
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CITY OF PETERSBURG

IFB #15-0048
Description: Main Pump Station - Pumps and Check Valves Rehabilitation
Opening Date: May 22, 2015 @ 2:30 pm

<table>
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<th>Item</th>
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<th>No. 3</th>
<th>No. 4</th>
<th>No. 5</th>
<th>No. 6</th>
<th>No. 7</th>
<th>No. 8</th>
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</thead>
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**TABULATION OF BIDS**

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<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>No. 1</th>
<th>No. 2</th>
<th>No. 3</th>
<th>No. 4</th>
<th>No. 5</th>
<th>No. 6</th>
<th>No. 7</th>
<th>No. 8</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Extended Price</strong></td>
<td>$302,644.00</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Optional Bid Price Sump Pump</td>
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<td>Optional Bid Price New Rotating Assembly</td>
<td>$33,544.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Terms</td>
<td>Net 30</td>
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<td>Delivery</td>
<td>175 Calendar Days</td>
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<tr>
<td>Signature: Y/N</td>
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<tr>
<td>Addendum (includes Revised Bid Response Form - Exhibit A) # 1 Y/N</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Exhibit B Y/N</td>
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<tr>
<td>Exhibit C Y/N</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Exhibit D Y/N</td>
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<td>Exhibit E Y/N</td>
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<td>Exhibit F Y/N</td>
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<td>Exhibit G Y/N</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Purchasing Agent:** [Signature]

**Note:** These results are preliminary only.
Award will be made to the firm complying with the terms and conditions of the solicitation after review and analysis.
Gentlemen:

In compliance with this Invitation for Bid and subject to all conditions thereof, the undersigned offers and agrees to provide Main Pump Station – Pump and Check Valves Rehabilitation in accordance with IFB # 15-0048 general terms, conditions and specifications. The bid response sheet must be completed in blue or black ink or by typewriter. Discrepancies in the multiplication of unit prices will be resolved in favor of the correct multiplication of the unit prices. Discrepancies between the indicated sum of any column of figures and the correct sum thereof will be resolved in favor of the correct sum.

a. Experience - Bidder shall provide a concise description of their work experiences as related to the scope of work outlined herein. Said description should include, but not be limited to, the number of years the Bidder has been providing these types of services, the number and types of customers the Bidder presently services, and other documentation to verify the Bidder's experience.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item #</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Unit Price</th>
<th>Extended Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Provide and install a new one new Fairbanks Morse Model 14x14 B5711C centrifugal sewage pump. (Pump #2)</td>
<td>Each</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>212,68.00</td>
<td>212,68.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Remove, Rebuild Existing Pump #2</td>
<td>Each</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>12,000.00</td>
<td>12,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Rebuild - 20&quot; Check Valve If parts are not available provide the Make, KENNEDY and model 20 and installation of New Check Valves</td>
<td>Each</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>177,44.00</td>
<td>354,88.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Remove, Refurbish and Install 200 HP Marathon Motor</td>
<td>Each</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10,000.00</td>
<td>10,000.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Extended Price

$302,644.00

Items left blank or marked $0 shall deem the bidder non-responsive. Award(s) shall be made based on lowest Total Extended Price. The City reserves the right to make multiple awards.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Optional Bid – 3 HP Sump Pump, Crane Pump Serial # P170271 – 3 Phase 230/260V and associated Discharge Piping</td>
<td>Each</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$12344.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Optional Bid – New Rotating Assembly complete with impeller</td>
<td>Each</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$33544.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Optional Bid: Should funding allow the City may decide to include this sump pump or Rotating Assembly with impeller amount in the award. Contractors must provide an amount in the Optional Bid section above. Bids received without an optional bid price will be deemed nonresponsive.

**TERMS:** Terms will be **net 30** (if this blank is not filled in, it is understood that a discount of 2% is allowed for payment within 15 days). The time allowed for cash discount will be figured from the date of receipt of the property.

**DELIVERY:** The commodity will be delivered within ____ calendar days after receipt of the purchase order from the City.

**F.O.B.:** Destination, Freight Charges included in the bid price.

**Addenda:**

Bidder hereby acknowledges receipt of and incorporation of all requirements of any addenda issued for this Invitation for Bid:

Addendum No. ____  Dated 5/5/15
Addendum No. ____  Dated ________

Respectfully submitted,

Company Name: **Patterson Construction Co. Inc.**

Address: **12315 McClain St. Fredericksburg VA 22407**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Optional Bid - 3 HP Sump Pump, Crane Pump Serial # P170271 - 3 Phase 230/260V and associated Discharge Piping</td>
<td>Each</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Optional Bid - New Rotating Assembly complete with impeller</td>
<td>Each</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Optional Bid- Should funding allow the City may decide to include this sump pump or Rotating Assembly with impeller amount in the award. Contractors must provide an amount in the Optional Bid section above. Bids received without an optional bid price will be deemed nonresponsive.

**TERMS:** Terms will be **Net 30** (if this blank is not filled in, it is understood that a discount of 2% is allowed for payment within 15 days). The time allowed for cash discount will be figured from the date of receipt of the property.

**DELIVERY:** The commodity will be delivered within **90** calendar days after receipt of the purchase order from the City.

**F.O.B.:** Destination, Freight Charges included in the bid price.

**Addenda:**

Bidder hereby acknowledges receipt of and incorporation of all requirements of any addenda issued for this Invitation for Bid:

Addendum No. 1 Dated 5/15/15
Addendum No. Dated

Respectfully submitted,

Company Name: **Peterson Construction Co. Inc.**
* Bidders shall complete Exhibit A and return this form with the bid response. Bids that do not include Exhibit A completed shall be deemed nonresponsive. Bidder should include with their Bid submittal a copy of their current Business License. Bids that do not include a copy of Business License may be deemed nonresponsive.*

The bidder must take due notice and be governed accordingly. This Addendum must be acknowledged in your bid response or your bid may not be considered.

Tangela Innis, Purchasing Agent
CPPB, MBA, VCCO, VCO, VCA
BILL TO:
Timmons Group
TGCM, LLC
1001 Boulders Pkwy, Ste 300
Richmond, VA 23225

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>P.O. NUMBER</th>
<th>TERMS</th>
<th>DUE DATE</th>
<th>PROJECT</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>20155005</td>
<td>Net 30</td>
<td>8/12/2015</td>
<td>Petersburg Main Pump Station</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tr>
<td>Electrical Work on 6-24-15 for Strobe Light</td>
<td>345.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>$285.00 Labor - 3 hours @ $95.00 per hour</td>
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<tr>
<td>$60.00 Materials</td>
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<td>Completion of Strobe Light project</td>
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<tr>
<td>$180.00 NSI - $30.00 x 6</td>
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<td>$379.00 Material - Strobe Light</td>
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<tr>
<td>$352.27 Material - Relay, Conduit, Wire, Boxes, Reset Button</td>
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<tr>
<td>$950.00 Labor - $95.00 per hour x 10 hours</td>
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**Thank you!**

Total: $2,206.27
Balance Due: $2,206.27

FINANCE CHARGE: Accounts not paid within the terms shown above will be charged interest at the rate of 1.5% per month (18% Annual Percentage Rate).
July 15, 2015

Timmons Group  
1001 Boulders Parkway  
Suite 300  
Richmond, Virginia

Attention: Ron Eisele

Reference: Quote for Petersburg Main Pump Station – Revised

Dear Mr. Eisele:

We are pleased to provide the following electrical quotes:

1) Main Disconnect Switch, TVSS, Generator Rental and Fuel:
   (a) Furnish and install new 1200A Main Disconnect Switch with ground fault protection. $20,000.00*
   (b) Furnish and install one TVSS on service. $4,000.00*
   (c) Generator Rental for shut down during service work. $10,875.00*
   (d) Diesel fuel furnished by others.

2) Replace two existing 200HP VFD’s and one 200HP starter with three new normal duty 200HP VFD’s. Startup included in price. $98,735.00*

3) Upgrade Rake Room power:
   (a) Furnish and install four 150-watt MH explosion proof fixtures upstairs and three 150-watt MH explosion proof fixtures downstairs, relocate muffin monster control panel to MCC Room, blank up existing receptacles and switches. Demo all existing lighting. $36,465.00*

4) Replace six non-working lights with six new LED lights at existing locations. $4,500.00*
5) Repair space heater in Parts Room, install missing receptacle in Control Room, add one 30A 200V receptacle beside panel in stairway, and put panel covers back in place. $ 3,275.00*

*Clarifications:
1) Electrical permit included.
2) No bond included in price.
3) No SCADA work included in this quote.
4) Price based upon work being performed during normal working hours.

Please feel free to contact me with any questions. I look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely,

Mike Pendergraph
President
Customer: 6000751
Petersburg, City of
424 St. Andrew Street
Petersburg, VA 23803-4341
US

Project: Main PS

All orders will be billed the applicable sales tax, based on the "ship to address", unless a valid tax exemption certificate is provided prior to shipment.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Line</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>Unit Price</th>
<th>Extended Price</th>
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<td>1</td>
<td>CDD3220-XDS2.0-Exchange Return Expected Return Grinder SN: 107924-1-1</td>
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<td>$0.00</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>Core Return</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please verify serial # and model # are correct.

Total $31,779.00

Explanation of Service Programs:
1. Please fax or mail a Purchase Order for the total amount and we can process your order. Please include the following:
   - Bill to Address, Ship to Address, tax exemption certificate.
2. Please note there will be a 20% restocking fee on all returned items.
3. Lead time may vary depending on parts availability.
4. JWCE standard one year warranty included except for older models i.e. GTS, MS and SPF models.

Thank-You for your Business!

JWC Environmental LLC
Roger Fonfield
Customer Service
We are pleased to quote the following:

A complete new unit is $74,700.00 + freight

Lower end Factory exchange and repair would be $33,746.00
2 to 3 weeks

Complete repair would be $30,886.00
3 to 4 weeks

This quote does not include labor to remove or install.

Please advise how you would like to proceed.

Thanks
8/12/2015

City of Petersburg
800 Arlington Street
Petersburg, VA 23803

Attn: Mike Mee

RE: Petersburg Muffin Monster

INVOICE

1. Remove existing grinder $ 720.00
2. Clean and inspect grinder and provide estimate to repair $ 720.00
3. Partial reassemble and build pallets to DOT regulations for shipment $1,010.00
4. Install new channel grinder $ 720.00
5. PCC Labor at removal and install $ 800.00

TOTAL: $3,970.00
August 24, 2015

City of Petersburg
800 Arlington Street
Petersburg, Va. 238043

Attn: Mike Mee

RE: Pricing for items at Main Pump Station

Dear Mike:

We offer the following for your review:

1. Misc. Electric Items - $8,625.00
2. Shaft Guards at Existing Pumps - $4,044.00
3. Remove/Replace lifting beam - $17,975.00

TOTAL LUMP SUM $30,644.00

Contact me if additional information is required.

Sincerely,

Jim Patterson
APPENDIX F
MAIN PUMP STATION 30” FORCE MAIN REPAIR PROJECT
SUMMARY
MAIN PUMP STATION 30" FORCE MAIN REPAIR
PROJECT SUMMARY
CITY OF PETERSBURG

April 26, 2016

Prepared for
PETERSBURG UTILITY LINE DIVISION
424 ST. ANDREWS STREET
PETERSBURG, VA 23803

TIMMONS GROUP
YOUR VISION ACHIEVED THROUGH OURS
2901 SOUTH LYNNHAVEN ROAD
SUITE 200
VIRGINIA BEACH, VA 23452
April 26, 2016

Mr. Daniel Harrison.
Interim Public Works Director
City of Petersburg
103 W Tabb Street
Petersburg, Virginia 22555

RE: Main Pump station 30" force main repair summary

Dear Mr. Harrison:

Timmons Group was requested to assist with coordinating the repair of the existing 30" force main between main pump station and South Central Waste Water Treatment Plant. This work was successfully completed on April 14, 2016 and a summary of the repair is provided in this attached report.

We appreciate the opportunity to assist Petersburg with this effort.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

Kenneth Turner PE
Senior Project Manager
INTRODUCTION

Timmons Group was contacted by Gajuan Clarke of Petersburg Utility line Division on March 14, 2016 regarding a leak in the 30’ force main between Main Pump Station and the South Central Waste Water Treatment Plant (SCWWTP). There was uncertainty on how the leak at an existing 90 degree bend could be repaired without experiencing a sanitary sewer overflow. Timmons Group Senior Project Manager, Ken Turner began to work with City Staff and Southern Contracting to formulate a plan. Coordination with SCWWTP staff would also be required and a plan of action was discussed to move forward with the repair. A bypass pumping operation was discussed and would be implemented to complete the work without resulting in a sanitary sewer overflow.

This leak was in a 1940’s vintage cast iron pipe. The method used in providing watertight connections was to pour molten lead in a form which cooled between the bell and spigot of each piece of pipe. This was normal and customary for installing pressure pipe during this time period. Over time, the lead is exposed to pressure surges, expansion and contraction due to temperature changes and settlement of the pipe may also occur over time, compromising the integrity of the lead seal.

The flow from this pump station on average is about 4 MGD and the repair was expected to take at least 12 hours to complete if everything went well. Peak flow during certain times of the day or during rain events could easily approach a flow rate of 8-10 MGD for short periods of time. It is important to note that any release of raw sewerage into state waters is a violation of the Clean Water Act. Enforcement of the Clean Water Act is administered by the Environmental Protection Agency and any violations could be subject to legal actions by the United States Department of Justice. The Virginia Department of Environmental Quality also has jurisdiction over pollution of state waters and an uncontrolled overflow of this magnitude for this duration would certainly draw the attention of these regulatory agencies as well as other potential negative implications.

REPAIR PLAN STRATEGY

A meeting was scheduled with Southern Construction on March 16 to go over details on setting up a temporary sewer bypass operation to handle anticipated peak dry weather flows of up to 10 MGD or about 7000 gallons per minute. A 16” force main would also need to be temporarily installed from the main pump station to the SCWWTP. This flow is too high for a pump and haul operation which utilized tanker trucks be used to pump and haul flow from one location to another. The SCWWTP also had concerns about receiving this magnitude of raw flow with solids which could potentially upset operation of the treatment plant and result in violations of their discharge permit which could result in stipulated penalties from regulatory agencies.

In order to confirm some assumptions a meeting was scheduled with SCWWTP staff and their executive director. During the meeting the executive director reiterated the importance of preventing any overflow which would result in violations of SCWWTP permits. He indicated any monetary stipulated penalties imposed by regulatory agencies would be passed onto the City of Petersburg. During the meeting, a target flow rate of 8 MGD was established as the peak dry weather flow we could expect based on historic flow monitoring of Petersburg flow from the main pump station.
The contractor was directed to install bypass pumping with 8 MGD pumping capacity with a 16'' temporary force main. The SCWWTP staff also indicated the discharge could enter the treatment plant headwork's in a fashion acceptable to SCWWTP operations staff.

TEMPORARY BYPASS PUMPS AND FORCE MAIN TO SCWWTP

The temporary pump operation and force main were installed and weather/treatment plant flow was monitored until conditions were favorable to begin the repair. Contractor was directed to demonstrate proper operation of the bypass before the pipe could be cut.
TEMPORARY BYPASS PUMPS WITH SUCTION MANIFOLD AND DISCHARGE FORCE MAIN

TEMPORARY FORCE MAIN DISCHARGE INSTALLATION AT SCWWTP HEADWORKS
COMPLETION OF REPAIR

The bypass pumps were tested on April 7 and found to operate in a satisfactory fashion and the contractor had prepositioned 15 employees, equipment and material needed to complete the repair with a contingency plan if pipe connection could not be complete as planned. The pumps at main pump station were locked out and tagged out, bypass pumping operation was initiated and SCWWTP staff began to close 70 year old isolation valve which was suspected to be in good operating condition. After valve was suspected to be closed, the leak in existing 30” main was monitored until residual system pressure decreased. The estimated flow from the leak was about 100 gallons per minute and it was anticipated that after one hour, pressure in main would drop off sufficiently to cut pipe and complete repair.

After 3 hours of monitoring the leak, flow did not appear to have decreased at all and it was assumed the valve at SCWWTP was not holding and the head from treatment plan was still being seen at the repair site. If pipe was cut, all flow from SCWWTP would come out of the 30” force main without any means to isolate or control all the flow from SCWWTP. Specifically all of the sewer flow from Petersburg, Colonial Heights, Chesterfield County and Prince George would flow into the Appomattox River if the pipe were cut and removed.

Given this condition, the contractor was directed to install a temporary valve in proximity to the treatment plant under controlled conditions to isolate the treatment plant from repair site. This work was needed to complete the repair without having a release of flow into the environment. The bypass pumping operation was discontinued, valve at SCWWTP was opened and main pump station was placed back in service.

Installation of the line stop was completed on April 11 and the repair was rescheduled for April 13. The main pump was secured and the bypass operation was placed back in service. Once the line stop was closed, the contractor began cutting the pipe. With a 12” cut in the 30” pipe, there was a sharp increase in pressure in the force main and flow sprayed out of the pipe 15 feet into the air for 6 minutes, then stopped. This increase in pressure occurred every 21 minutes and it was suspected there was a pump station still connected to the force main. Petersburg staff systematically cycled any pump station which could potentially be connected to the 30” pipe and after a couple hours, it was discovered that Colonial Heights had a pump station which cycled every 21 minutes and pumped a flow of 1000 gallons per minute.

Colonial Heights staff were contacted and provisions to implement a pump and haul operation were scheduled without delay so repair could be completed. The pump and haul operation was in place by 3 pm and work resumed at the repair site. The pipe was cut and all liquid inside was pumped out. Then the pipe was removed, new pipe was installed and restraining mechanisms were install to allow Colonial Heights pump station to be placed back in service by 2 am on April 14. A concrete thrust block was needed to restrain the 30” from the thrust exerted on the pipe when main pump station was on line. This work was completed on April 14 and the line stop was removed from the 30” pipe. After the concrete achieved adequate compressive strength, the main pump station was placed back in service and bypass operation was discontinued.
EXISTING 30" FORCE MAIN READY TO BE REMOVED

30" FORCE MAIN REMOVAL

Flushing of the temporary force main, removal of pumps and piping was completed over the following week and right of way restoration was completed.
NEW 30" 90 DEGREE BEND AND PIPE READY FOR INSTALLATION

NEW 30" PIPE WITH CONCRETE THRUST BLOCK INSTALLATION 9 CY OF CONCRETE

Upon completion of the thrust block installation, the main pump station was placed back in service and the excavation remained open until the following day. There were no visible signs of leakage from the repair section or existing lead joint pipe connections directly adjacent to the new repair section.